Health Conditions in the Metcalfe Park Neighborhood
A data digest from Data You Can Use

While we should all be taking extreme precautions to avoid the spread of COVID-19, some factors put people in certain areas at greater risk. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has identified certain things that put people at higher risk for severe illness. These include people of any age who have serious underlying medical conditions such as asthma, high blood pressure, diabetes, COPD, and those who are immunocompromised including those being treated for cancer.

For some of these conditions, people in the Metcalfe Park neighborhood have prevalence rates that are higher than the average rate for the City of Milwaukee. The chart below shows the rate in Metcalfe Park (orange) and for the City of Milwaukee (gray).

![High blood pressure and diabetes put residents of the Metcalfe Park neighborhood at greater risk for COVID-19 than the City as a whole.](chart.png)

In Metcalfe Park, prevalence rates for high blood pressure, and diabetes are higher than the city averages and people may need extra precautions to avoid severe illness.

While people of all ages should follow the CDC guidelines, older people may be at risk for more severe complications from COVID-19. In Metcalfe Park,

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15% of the residents are age 55 or older, which is actually lower than the proportion of older adults in the City of Milwaukee as a whole (19%).

More recent data are indicating that people of any age with severe obesity might also be at risk. In Metcalfe Park, 46% percent of the population are reported to be obese compared to 37% citywide. This indicator suggests greater precautions for this population.

In addition to these health conditions, people’s occupations can also affect their exposure to the virus. In the Metcalfe Park neighborhood, one third of residents are employed in the service industry – they may be in healthcare, food service, or be first responders and be more likely to be exposed to COVID-19.

Access to health care and testing can also be affected by race and ethnicity and in the Metcalfe Park neighborhood 83% of the population is African American, compared to 39% city wide. Health disparities mean this population may be overrepresented and underserved in this pandemic.

Finally, where uncertainty, fear, disruption of routine, and social isolation associated with the virus can negatively affect all of us, we need to be especially concerned about people with poor mental health. Nineteen percent of residents of the Metcalfe Park neighborhood report poor mental health, slightly higher than the city average of 15%. Sharing support, resources, and suggestions for coping can be especially important for this population.

This “data digest” was prepared for Metcalfe Park Community Bridges by Data You Can Use with the hope that the information helps target your response in assisting those most vulnerable. It is based on 2016 census data from the American Community Survey, the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the CDC Foundation who produce the 500 Cities report. You can find an interactive map with the data as well as the raw data at datayoucanuse.org  Alex LaMarche, Sarah McDaniel, Gerardo Mares and Katie Pritchard contributed to this report. March 2020  Your questions and feedback are welcome.